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Standard.

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RAL EIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1858.

WHOLE NUMBER 1241.

Morth-Carolina Standard

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FRANK. I. WILSON, Associate Editor.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY-Two Dollars per annum nvariably in advance.
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pers for \$10 for six months, or \$15 for twelve months. Terms of Advertising in the Weekly Standard. One dollar per square for the first insertion, and 25 cts. for each subsequent insertion. No deduction will be made on Weekly advertisements, no matter how long they may run. Only a limited number of advertisements will be admitted into the Weekly. All advertisements, not otherwise directed, are inserted in the Semi-Weekly, and charged accordingly. When the number of insertions is not marked on the advertisement it is inserted until forbid. * * Money sent us by mail is at our risk.

The Standard.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 19. 1858,

HOLDEN & WILSON, STATE PRINTERS, AND
AUTHORIZED PUBLISHERS OF THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Congress adjourned on Monday last. The

President, however, convened the Senate in special session on Tuesday, to act on Executive business .-It was supposed the Senate would be in session but a day or two. For a notice of the adjournment of Congress, see article in another column, from the Washington Union.

The announcement made by the President that he would not sign any bills unless an opportunity was given him to examine them in detail, has had a most salutary effect on the legislation of Congress. No attempts were made, as at former sessions, to rush bills through at the close of the session, because it was known that they would not be approved unless time was allowed to the President to examine them; and the result has been that no bad or doubtful measures have been passed into laws. Mr. Buchanan deserves the thanks of the country for this salutary reform. The two houses of Congress adjourned quietly and harmoniously, after a session of some six months, during which much business of importance has been considered and transacted.

Franklin County.

We learn that the campaign commenced at Louisburg on Tuesday last. Menalcus Lankford, Esq. is the Democratic candidate for the Senate, and W. F. Green, Esq., the old member, is the Democratic candidate for the Commons.

We learn with surprise and regret that D. W. Spivy, Esq., who professes to be a Democrat, has taken the neld for the Senate against Mr. Lankford, the regular candidate. John E. Thomas, Esq., old line Federalist and double distilled K. N., is a candidate for the Commons against Mr. Green.

We sincerely trust that Mr. Spivy will reconsider his course, and withdraw from the field. No real or supposed grievance can justify him in opposing the regular action of his party. In the first place he cannot be elected; and in the second place if he could be elected, his influence in the Legislature would be crippled by the manner of his triumph, and in the end his usefulness as a public man would be destroyed. In either event it is bad policy in him to be a candidate. He may injure the party in Franklin somewhat, but he cannot damage it materially. He may yet save himself by withdrawing: but if he should hold on he will inevitably go down, and go down finally as a public man.

KNOW NOTHING RESPECT FOR THE PEOPLE.-The Register, in an article in its issue before the last, in which it assails Judge Ellis and urges its Know Nothing friends to vote for Mr. McRae, speaks of the great body of Judge Ellis's supporters as "a mangy, un washed pack, who can be harted upon any track by the lash of the whippers in." This is a specimen of the respect entertained for the great body of the people by Mr. McRae's file leader in North-Carolina.

In the same article the Editor regrets that his "limited ability" prevents him from being "infinitely more efficient" in Mr. McRae's behalf than he can be. We think, if the Editor continues thus to assail and insult the people, that Mr. McRae himself will be "infinitely" obliged to him to cease his advocacy of his claims. It will do him more harm than good.

"HIGH UP IN THE PICTURES."-A friend writing us from Weldon says: "Mr. McRae has gone to work, and figures out that he will be elected by a large majority. In his speech here last Friday, his estimate ran as high as thirty thousand! After his speech I heard several gentlemen, old line Whigs, remark that they had intended to vote for him, or not vote at all: but that now they intended to vote for Judge Ellis."

So Mr. McRae is claiming thirty thousand ma jority! Why, if his whole vote reaches that number, he may consider himself a fortunate man.

POLITICAL.-The Chairmen of the Republican, American Republican and Straight-American State Committee, of Pennsylvania, have issued recommendations to their respective organizations to unite in the State Convention, already called to meet at Harrisburg, July 14, on the basis of opposition to the Lecompton swindle and protection to home labor.

So we go. All the elements of opposition to Democracy in the North are combining against what they call the "Lecompton swindle," while Mr. Mc-Rae and the opposition in the South re echo the cry against Lecompton and the administration of James Buchanan. The Lecompton constitution is a "swindle," say the black Republicans and Know Nothings of the North; and "I," says Mr. McRae, would have held on "until Gabriel had blown his trumpet three times before I would have voted for it.' Would not this opposition North be encouraged by his

Rich Developments !-- Letter from Mr. Venable. The Hon, A. W. Venable returned from Congress in 1853, and notwithstanding his District had been re-arranged by the previous Legislature and several new Counties added, he declared himself a candidate for re-election, without consulting, as he should have done under the circumstances, the wishes of the constituent body. He avowed a willingness to abide the action of such a Convention as he described, but he characterized Conventions generally as assemblages of "broken down politicians, bob-tailed lawyers, and beer-house debaters," and declared that he would submit to the action of no such body. Such assemblages had never been known in this State: and hence the impression was at once made by the course and the manner of Mr.

In addition to this, Mr. Venable had voted for Bennett's land bill, an unjust, unconstitutional, and anti-Democratic measure; and after having thus misrepresented his constituents, instead of expressing regret for his course and promising not to repeat the wrong, he endeavored to justify it, and labored to prove that he was right and the great body of the Democratic party of the State in error on the subject. He had also made a speech in which he opposed the acquisition of Cuba on any terms, thereby still further misrepresenting his constituents.

Venable, that he was averse to a Convention to be

called in accordance with the time-honored usage of

In this way he provoked and produced a division in the Democratic party in the District; and the result was the election of a Whig to Congress. Still, thousands of good Democrats voted for him, under the belief that Mr. Lewis could not be elected, and because with all his faults they preferred him to the Whig candidate, Mr. Rogers. They hoped, too, that Mr. Venable would profit by the experience of the past, and that he would again take his stand, fully and squarely in the Democratic ranks, in which he had wielded influence and been of no small service. But they were disappointed. There are but few politicians who possess the philosophy or the honesty to put up with a defeat at the hands of their friends, however much that defeat may have been provoked. Mr. Venable, under the influence of his inordinate vanity and self-love, at once claimed that the thousands of Democrats who had voted for him were distribution Democrats, and had endorsed his vote for Bennett's land bill. This was one of his greatest mistakes, and has been the leading cause of his subsequent defection and apostacy. In 1854 he was a member of the Democratic State Convention, and of course approved, as a member of that body, the resolution that was adopted against distribution. But notwithstanding this committal against distribution, and notwithstanding his co-operation with the Democratic party, it was apparent to close observers that he was restless and dissatisfied, and preparing, on the first favorable occasion, to take his final leave of the party. That occasion presented itself not long since; and we now find him engaged in supporting Mr. McRae, another renegade, and consorting with Messrs. Arrington, Battle, Williams, and Sanders (Linn B.) in efforts to disorganize and prostrate the Democratic party. There is no half-way house for traitors between open apostacy to the opposition and the Democratic party. The traitor must either return and be forgiven, or go over and be condemned. He that is not for us is against us, and he "that gathereth not with us scattereth abroad." That man who professes to be a Jeffersonian and Jackson Democrat, and who assumes to lead, must indeed be a Democrat from the crown of his head to the

his prominence and influence. We publish below a letter sent us by A. J. Tavlor, Esq., the Democratic candidate for the Senate in Nash County, and which letter we have been authorized by Mr. Taylor thus to use. It was addressed by Mr. Venable to Applewhite Richardson, Esq., of Johnston; but Mr. Richardson being a sound Democrat, handed it to Mr. Taylor, and gave him the privilege to use it in any way he might see proper. Here is the document:

soles of his feet-an example for the imitation of

others, and not a sickly edition of treason and

apostacy, dwelling on his own supposed wrongs and

ignoring the principles and the practices of the par-

ty to whose recognition and nursing care he owes

"BROWNSVILLE, 18th May, 1858. My good old Friend :- I write to urge you to come out as a distribution Democratic candidate for the Legislature. The triumph of this principle by electing a Legislature favorable to this measure, ensures two Senators to aid in relieving us of the burden of taxas. If the 750,000 acres which Bennett's bill gave North-Carolina, had have been received, we would have had one million less of debt and sixty thousand dollars less of interest to pay yearly. I expect to be a candidate myself; and let us old men lead the boys once more.

With sincere regards to Mrs. Richardson and family, I am yours truly, A. W. VENABLE.

A. RICHARDSON, Esq." Here is a secret and insidious attempt to produce discord in the Democratic ranks in a neighboring County, the object being a seat in the United States' Senate. And this confirms the view we have heretofore taken, that Mr. McRae's main object is, so to distract and divide the Democratic party as to elect a distribution and Know Nothing Legislature, and thus pave the way for himself and Mr. Venable to the federal Senate Self is at the bottom of all this talk in favor of distribution. Mr. Venable is to manage Granville; Mr. Arrington, Mr. Battle, and Mr. Williams are to manage Nash; Mr. Linn B. Sanders is to manage Johnston so as to elect Mr. Willis Sanders to the Commons: and Mr. Mc-Rae, fresh from federal office and fresh from Paris, is to manage the State generally. This, it must be confessed, is a brilliant and enticing programme. But "my good old friend" Mr. Richardson was not to be caught in this way. Like a true patriot aud sound Democrat, he has exposed the plot Some one besides himself must " lead the boys once more." Whether Mr. Venable will " lead the boys in Granville, remains to be seen. We trust he will. Let him take the field, and our word for it the gallant and indomitable Democracy of that County

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT .- We learn that Robert Haliburton, Esq, a worthy and useful citizen, living some eighteen miles northwest of this place, was thrown from his horse on Wednesday last and killed. Another account, and most probably the correct one, is that Mr. Haliburton was struck with apopfexy, fell from his horse, and soon afterwards died.

will so finish him as a politician that he will never

again disturb our ranks by his selfishness and

The Carolina Watchman, in its notice of the personal difficulty between Judge Ellis and Mr. Mc-Rae, does the former gross injustice. The Watch-

"His Honor, Judge Ellis, it will be observed, gave the first insult, and the first blow-just like a spoilt child, determined on having his own way. Those who have observed any thing at all, know how often such persons get themselves into trouble. "I will, regardless of consequences," is a dangerous motto, when the object is an unsanctified one. And next to that, is that other desperate sentiment-"rule or ruin." Conservative, law-abiding people ought to 'spot" those who act upon such principles.'

Judge Ellis did not give the first insult. He had been arguing, legitimately and truly, that under all the circumstances the election of Mr. McRae would be regarded as an encouraging sign by the black Republicans. There are but two organized parties in this country, the Democratic and the black Republican. The latter is the opposition to Democracy in the Northern States, as Know Nothingism, which is sustaining Mr. McRae, is the opposition to Democracy in the Southern States. This opposition can have but one common end in view, to wit, the prostration of the national Democracy. Mr. McRae is doing his part to divide and prostrate the Democracy South, as others of the opposition are doing their part to divide and prostrate it in the North. He opposes Lecompton and sympathizes with Judge Douglas for one reason, while the opposition North oppose Lecomptoe and sustain Judge Douglas for another reason. This is substantially the view which Judge Ellis was taking, at the same time carefully abstaining from impeaching Mr. McRae's personal soundness on the question of slavery. He had taken the same view at Clinton and elsewhere, and Mr. McRae had not regarded it as a personal insult; but at Beaufort he appeared to take fire at this line of argument pursued by Judge Ellis, and turning upon that gentleman, by his manner more than by his language, brought him to his feet. The latter, in reply to calls by Mr. McRae, repeated what he had said in the course of his argument on that and former occasions; whereupon Mr. McRae gave him the lie, or pronounced him guilty of falsehood, which was the same thing. As a matter of course, Judge Ellis struck him. Mr. McRae struck back, and they

We leave it to all "conservative and law-abiding people," upon this plain and correct statement of the facts, to determine who gave the first insult. The truth is, the Watchman has also done Mr. McRae injustice, for it has placed him in the attitude of having been first insulted and then struck. The contrary is the fact. He gave the first insult, and was struck for it; and hence the friends of the two gentlemen experienced but little difficulty in reconciling the personal difference.

No More Taxes .- The efforts of the opposition, says the Charlotte Democrat, to make it appear that Judge Ellis and the Democratic party of North-Carolina are in favor of high taxes, are unjust and a perversion of their true position. They are not to blame for the present rate of taxes. If there is fault anywhere, it can be placed on Mr. McRae and his supporters with greater propriety than upon the Democratic party. But this cry of high taxes is raised more for the purpose of defeating Judge Ellis than for anything else, and we are glad to see one of Mr. McRae's supporters, the Fayetteville Observer, reburking it as wrong and unfair. We copy the following from the Observer of the 3d inst. :

At a "meeting of the Whigs of Rowan," (so called in the official account published in the Salisbury Watchman,) we find the following resolution, offered by Hon. N. Boyden, and unanimously adopted: "Resolved, That we are opposed to any further increase of the State debt for internal improve-

It is with sincere regret that we have noticed this and other similar assaults upon the system of internal improvements,-for they amount to nothing less, Either we must increase the State debt or put a stop to all further improvement-and to that we are utterly opposed, as every North-Carolinian must be who is capable of appreciating what has been already done for the honor and prosperity of the State, and who would like to see her keep pace with her neighbors for the future. There are those, it is true, who have got all they want themselves, (and in great part by taxing those who have got nothing,) who are so selfish as to wish to stop now. But Sal sbury and Rowan are not precisely in that condition. They have got one railroad running through their town and county, by which they and their produce can get off North, East or South. But they have just commenced another which will enable them to go West, and what is more important, enable the West to come to them. Now as that road is only just begun, as it were, we ask Mr. Boyden and his Rowan friends whether they are "opposed to any further increase of the State debt" to complete that road? If they are, why then let them say so to the next Legislature, and they can have it stopped just where it is. Do they wish to make that road an exception? If so, why? Mcrely because it comes to their own town.? And should all the rest of the State agree to pay taxes to make a road for their accommodation whilst they are against all roads

It is very certain that as long as that work is prosecuted, the increase of the State debt, to which they are opposed, must go on. We call upon them to let their patriotism begin at home, by putting a stop to the increase of the debt for their own road. When they relieve the State of its pledge of \$4,000,-000 to that road, they can utter a manly and unselfish voice in favor of their principle of no more State

SELF-CULTURE, an Address delivered before the Oxford Female College, May 27, 1858, by Rev. W. M. WINGATE.

The above is the title of an Address which we have just issued from this office for the "Clio Society" of this College, Oxford.

We have never read an Address which embodies better or sounder advice to young ladies, conveyed too in the most attractive style. President Wingate is an original thinker; and he expresses himself with terseness, force, and occasionally with marked elegance and beauty. He was the very man to make this Address; and he has so performed his task as to leave nothing to be supplied or regretted.

We must offer an apology, however, to President Wingate and to the "Clio Society," for an awkward mistake which occurs in the pamphlet. The mistake was made in "running over" the pages, one of the lines being in the wrong place. A line is misplaced, having been transferred from the bottom of the 21st page to the top of the same; but the intelligent reader will readily detect and correct the mistake.

We had the pleasure on Thursday of greeting our esteemed Representative in Congress, Mr. Branch, who has returned to his home in this City. Mr. Branch appears to be in excellent health.

Supreme Court. The following gentlemen have been licensed by the Supreme Court to practice in the County Courts of the State:

Rockingham County. Andrew J. Boyd, James S. Woodard, Wilson Benjamin D. Barnes. Arthur Barnes, Henry Mullins, Cumberland Ducan J. Devane. New Hanover James W. Hinton. Pasquotank David B. Ren. Mecklenburg Bolivar B. Bulla, Randolph George M. Duskin, Orange James H. Emerson. ALABAMA. Henry B Short, Washington Hugh T. Brown, Wilkes David C. Allen, Brunswick John M. Perry, Carteret Julian H. Picott, Hertford Phillip T. Hay, Rockingham Adolphus E. Smith, Wake Theophilus H. Hill, William A. Norment, Robeson Thos. M. Whittington, Guilford Will. L. Alexander, Mecklenburg

the Supreme Court to practice in the Superior

Granville

George S. B. Harris,

The following gentlemen have been licensed by Courts of the State: Wi'liam Badham, Jr., Chowan Henry R. Bryan, Wake Joseph E. Carter, Hertford John P. Fuller, Robeson Leonidas J. Merritt, Chatham Will. J. Montgomery, Montgomery Allen Jordan, Will. J. Saunders, Wake Chas. W. Egerton, Franklin Jas. T. Davis, Mecklenburg W. C. Elam, Cumberland Cary Whitaker, Halifax

LITERARY BOARD .- The people who live in the Lake region of Hyde County, are loud and bitter in their complaints against this board, for permitting a citizen of that county to throw a dam across the public canal, leading from Alligator Lake to Pungo River, in order to supply his private Mill Pond with water. Without excessive rains, the Lake Country has been flooded with water this spring, to the utter ruin of many valuable farms, One of the most pregnant of the causes which has produced this unfortunate result, is attributed to the closing of this canal. We understand that some of the persons injured talk of suing the board for dam-

The defence of said Board is a novel one. They assume, that because water may run near the head of a canal or ditch, it does no harm to close it at its mouth! What a pity the State cut the canal so long and so deep at first! The present board have made a valuable discovery in Hydraulic Engineering .- Washington Dispatch.

We are authorized to say that no authority has been given by the present Literary Board to obstruct the canal as above stated, and that it was not known to the Board that any such obstruction had been made, or that there was any complaint about it. The Board therefore, has made no "defence"

whatever, and least of all such as that stated by

the Dispatch. We will state farther, that the Pres-

ident of the Board, as soon as informed of it, took immediate steps to have the obstruction removed. Does the Dispatch think it right to make its facts in the premises, in order to let off its wishy washy

The proceedings of the Dobson Convention were received too late for insertion this week. They resulted in the nomination of Wm. Haymore for sheriff, and P. E. Reeves, Esq., to represent the county in the House of Corimons. The nomination has been judiciously made. Mr. Reeves is the old representative, and it is said that he can command a larger vote than any man in the county for re-election. He makes a good member, and will watch scrupulously the interests of his section during the meeting of the Legislature. His triumphant election is beyond doubt. We also learn that Joseph Dobson, Esq., has consented to be a candidate to represent that senatorial District in the Senate.-We heartily rejoice at this, and appeal to our Democratic friends in that District to rally to him. The District, brother Democrats is within your power .-Will you carry it? You have but to decide upon it; determine to carry it, and the opposition cannot stand before you. " Truth is mighty and will prevail."- Western Sentinel.

We cordially concur with the Sentinel in all it has said of Messrs. Reeves and Dobson. The latter was defeated, two years ago, by a bare majority; but the prospect now is that he will be triumphantly elected.

Mr. Reeves acquitted himself with much credit as a member of the last Legislature. He is one of those representatives who never forget the people when they come to Raleigh. The advocate of their rights and interests at home, he always stands by them here. The people of Surry never had a more watchful or faithful representative than Mr. Reeves. Of his triumphant re-election there can be no doubt.

EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.—We invite attention to the following notice from the committee to make arrangements for conveying delegates to the Educational Convention at Statesville, on the 7th of July

Having been appointed by the citizens of Statesville, a Committee to make arrangements for the conveyance of delegates and visitors to the State Educational Convention, to be held in Statesville on the 7th July next we have made the following ar-

A train will be placed on the Western N. C. Rail Road, which will leave Salisbury on the 6th at 11 o'clock, P. M., and at 71 o'clock, A. M., on the 7th. Connecting with C. S. Brown's Western Line of

R. F. SIMONTON, S. S. KIRKLAND, Committee. W. A. ELIASON,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY BONDS .- Mr. Guion. President of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, has advertised the first issue of Mecklenburg County bonds, \$30,000, to aid in the construction of the Road. The bonds are all of the denomination of one hundred dollars, and bear seven per cent. interest, payable semi-annually in the town of Charlotte, with coupons attached. They are to run twenty years. Sealed offers are invited until the 30th June.

THE BRITISH OUTRAGES. -It appears now to be taken for granted that the British government will offer ample apologies for the outrages committed by her war vessels on our merchant vessels, and that assurances will be given that the outrages will not

A SLAVE-STEALER PUNISHED .- Capt. Bavliss, of the ship Keziah, from Delaware, who decoyed some slaves from Petersburg, has been tried and sentenced to forty years hard labor in the penitentiary. The Richmond Dispatch says:

"The sentence of this active agent of the "underground railroad" to forty years in the Penitentiary, is one somewhat calculated to dampen the ardor of that branch of abolition commercial enterprise. The prospect of fifty dollars a head for his passengers has given place to a reward more appropriate to his philanthropy, and he is now elevated from the position of a successful plunderer to that of a suffering martyr. If the sympathy of the New York Tribune can compensate for the sweets of liberty, he may be reconciled to his fate. It is only by such stern and thorough administration of the law that property can be protected; and the judgment in his case may give assurance to all whom it concerns, that similar offenses will be visited in a similar manner."

The Keziah has been forfeited to the State of Virginia, and is advertised to be sold.

FAYETTEVILLE AND WESTERN RAILROAD .- We have received from the Observer Office a copy of the proceedings of the annual meeting of the Western Railroad Company, containing a map of the Coal Fields of Deep River. The President, in his report, estimates that the Road can be built and put in operation (43 miles in length) for \$714,436. Of this amount \$341,232 19 have been subscribed by the Town of Fayetteville, County of Cumberland and by individuals; to which is to be added \$18, 531 92 for work done payable in stock, making the capital subscribed \$359,764 11. The whole Road has been located from Fayetteville to the Coal Fields on Deep River. We have heretofore alluded to the importance of this Road as a State work, showing how it will aid in developing one of the richest mineral regions in the world and the resources of North-Carolina generally. The interests of the State, justice to Favetteville, and sound policy demands that something should be done by the next Legislature to aid in completing this improvement - Charlotte Democrat.

We have also received a copy of the proceedings of the Company, but we find them so succinctly and so well noticed by our friend of the Democrat, that we give his notice in lieu of one of our own.

THE MORMONS MOVING .- The pews from Utah via California, is confirmatory of that which we have already published from the camp of the expedition. There seems little reason to doubt that the Mormons are vacating their Northern settlements, the object being to avoid contact and intercourse with the troops, of whose entrance into their valleys there seems now no longer any doubt on their minds.

Messrs. Fulton and Surchell, who left Salt Lake Valley on the 13th of April, inform the editor of the Placerville Times that the Mormons are temporarily moving into Iron county, in the extreme Southern part of Deseret, but that their ultimate destination will probably be in some part of Sonora. Their mode of leaving the settlement is somewhat peculiar. All those living in the southern part of the Territory left first, in order that their vacant houses might serve as a shelter and resting-place for those who should follow from the North. In this way the evacuation commenced, and the southern settlements were under way, and those of the north were rapidly assembling at Salt Lake City for the purpose of following the bid of their leaders. - Wash. States.

Foreign Intelligence.

New York, June 15 .- The steamship Arago has arrived from Southampton, with dates to 2d June. She brings some interesting additional news. Reinforcements are to be forwarded to Canton by the British government. The British Minister at Florence has returned suddenly to England. A violent collision had occurred between the Circassians and

the Russians. The latter fost 500 men killed. In addition to the Parliment record received via Cape Race, Lord Fitzgerald said that the government of Great Britain had signified to the government of the United States that they were ready to adopt such measures as the latter might suggest, to meet the present difficulty, and that slavers almost invariably hoisted the American flag.

MARRIED,

At Soap Stone Church, Wake county, on the 8th inst., by Rev. Thos. S. Campbell, Mr. William Piper and Miss Mary A. E. Bledsoe, all of this county. By the same, on the 16th inst., Mr. Eldridge Smith, of Raleigh, and Miss Caroline Bevers, of this county. By the Rev. James L. Chapman, at the residence of Dr. S. W. Vance, in Bossier Parish La., on the 29th April, 1858, Mr. R. Y. Graves, of Montgomery, Alabama, to Miss Eliza L. Gilmer, daughter of James B. Gilmer, late of said

On the 2d inst., at the residence of Mrs. Aley Allen, by Joseph Yeargin, Esq., Mr. Henry A. Lowry to Miss Tabitha A. Allen, all of Wake. In this City, on the 8th inst., by Rev. J. M. Atkinson Mr. F. S. Wilkinson, of Edgecombe, to Miss Annie M. Stronach, daughter of the late Wm. Stronach, of this City. In Franklin county, on the 10th instant, by Rev. L. K. Willie, Mr. S. B. Brummett to Miss Pattie Gill. In St. Paul's Church, Edenton, N. C., on Monday evening the 7th inst., by the Rev. Sam'l. J. Johnston, James C. Johnston, Jr., to Miss Kate Warren, all of Edenton, N. C. On the same evening, by the Rev. T. Judson Napp, Mr. Richard Woodard to Mrs. Ellen Long, all of Edenton, N. C.

On Tuesday evening the 8th inst., at Floyd's Hotel, by the Rev. Judson Napp, Alexander Cheshire, Jr., to Miss Charlotte Burton, all of Edenton, N. C. In Trinity Church, Staunton, Va., on Wednesday the 9th inst., by the Rev. C. B. Dana, of Alexandria, the Hon.

Samuel J. Person, of Wimington, to Miss Ellen Tyler, only daughter of the late Rev. Joseph D. Tyter, Principal of the Institution for the Dear and Dumb, at Staunton, Virginia,

In Baltimore county, Maryland, on Saturday morning, the 12th inst., Mr. Wm. N. Shauck, aged 59 years and 9 days. Mr. Shauck was a native of Maryland, but had been for 24 years a resident of this county, and for the last 8 or 9 a resident of Raleigh. He was a peaceable citizen, a kind neighbor, a firm friend, and an honest man.—[Com. Near Tulip, Dallas county, Arkansas, on the 4th inst.

Maj. George C. Eaton, formerly of Granville county, N. C. In Wake county, near Eagle Rock, on the 4th of June,

1858, of Typhoid dysentary, Mrs. Cynthia Scarborough, wife of Daniel Scarborough, in the 57th year of her age. The deceased was a devoted wife, a fond and affectionate. mother. She was a pious member of the Baptist Church for thirty-three years. Possessed naturally of a kind heart, rendered doubly so by practice, the suffering were never turned unrelieved away. She has left a devoted husband and eight fond children, with many friends and relations, to mourn her irreparable loss; but their loss is her eternal

"Dearest mother, thou hast left us-But 'tis God that bath bereft us, He can all our sorrows heal. But again we hope to meet thee— When the storms of life are fled;

Yes, in Heaven, with joy to greet thee, Where no farewell tear is shed."—[Cox. City papers please copy.

A FINE THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLAR ROSEWOOD PLANO for two hundred and fifty dollars.

Call and enquire at the Express Office.

Raleigh, June 18, 1858. 49-1mpd. A. M. NOBLE.

PHELPS, BLISS & CO., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, No. 840 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK. June 18, 1858. W. C. WHITFORD. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, EAST FRONT-STREET,

NEWBERN, N. C.,

AGENT FOR Smith's Line New-York Packets. GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED.

June 18, 1888.

Special and Particular Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY INthat it is his desire to close his entire business. He would call the attention of the public to this well known establishment, which has been the only house that has been in operation for the last 18 years, without a change in the business; therefore he is compelled to adopt this method of closing up his entire business; and for inducement to the purchaser, he will sell at cost all the goods that remain on hand.

hand.

His stock consists of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and a select assortment of Fancy Goods, of the best materials; a beautiful lot of fancy silk and satin Vestings, for parties, and also a large lot of fancy Cashmeres and Cut Velvet, fancy and plain Marseilles and embroidered Satin Vestings, which will be made up in the most approved style, or they will be disposed of at the counter. He would also state that he has on hand a general assortment of Goods, consisting of Dress Shirts and Linen Collars, Silk and Cotton Undershirts, a splendid assortment of fancy Silk and Satin Cravats, and black and fancy Stocks of every color and quality, for the Summer wear; plain and fancy Silk Suspenders, black and white Kid Gloves, black and white Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves; white Linen and fancy Silk Handkerchiefs, and various other articles not herein mentioned; and in a word, everything usually kept in similar establishments.

The attention of the public is particularly called to this stock of Goods. Great bargains will be given to purchasers. The subscriber would also say if the Goods are not sold out before August Court, he will dispose of the remaining at public sale, as he is determined to close the entire business by the first of September.

He would say to his numerous friends and customers, that the business in all of the different branches will be conducted as heretofore, and by strict personal attention to the different departments, he hopes to give entire satisfaction to a generous public. Call at the well known house, No. 15, Fayetteville St., for good bargains. The business will be conducted on the cash principle, until further notice is given, or if required, terms made known at the Counter.

The subscriber particularly invites the attention of those that are indebted to this house, either by note or account, or otherwise, to call and make an immediate settlement, as there will be no longer indulgence given; and if not attended to immediately, they will find these claims in the hands of an officer. And he would call the attention of those that reside out of the State to this notice, and also the young gentlemen having left the University of North-Carolina, and ask that they will please forward the amounts justly due this house, (which has been long standing) or their accounts will be put in the hands of a collector, as

The subscriber would add a word in regard to this posi-tive call on those that are indebted to him: Owing to the long indulgence to his customers, he has sustained heavy damages and is now compelled to make this demand, to enable him to meet his liabilities. He hopes this will be sufficient, as there will be no further notice given, and the above statement will be positively carried out.

T. R. FENTRESS,

Merchant Tailor, No. 15 Fayetteville Street

Raleigh, June 18, 1958.

UION'S HOTEL FOR SALE.—THIS VALU. ABLE PROPERTY, in the City of Raleigh, will be sold by public auction on MONDAY THE 16TH OF AU-GUST NEXT, (Court week) The establishment is in good order, and well supplied with Furniture and every convenience for keeping up a first rate Hotel. The Hotel buildings contain upwards of Fifty Rooms, and attached thereto are the usual out-houses and Stables, and an excellent Garden. The location is regarded as a very favorable one, being immediately on the Capitol Square, and easy of access from the Railroad Depots. The Furniture, together with an omnibus, will be sold at the same time. Posses-

sion will be given immediately.

At the same time, will be sold two small Tracts of Land on the Hillsboro' road about 4 miles west of Raleigh, one contains 75, the other 45 acres, more or less.

The Hotel will be sold on a credit of 1, 2, and 3 years, the second and third installments to bear interest from 12 months after the day of sale. The two Tracts of Land and Furniture will be sold on a credit of 12 months, The whole or any part of this property can be purchased

at private sale by applying to any one of the undersigned before the day of sale, and should the Hotel be sold at private sale, due notice will be given.

JAMES McKIMMON, Raleigh, N. C. T. BROWN VENABLE. Oxford, N. C.

FISH! FISH!! OCEAN BLUE FISH, DRUMS TROUT, MESS TROUT, N. C. ROE, Smoked and Cut Herrings by the Bbl., 1/2 Bbl., or smaller quantity, at ROYSTER, JONES & MOORE'S.

Raleigh, June 18, 1858.

NOTICE.—THE CANDIDATES FOR THE LEGIS-LATURE AND SHERIFF will address their fellowcitizens at the following times and places, viz: Thursday, Franklin's, 16th. 17th. 19th. 20th. Green Level. Friday, Saturday, lowe & Lyon's, Wednesday 21st. 22d. 23d. 24th. Rogers & Jones Thursday, Thompson's, Laws'. Friday, Saturday, Forestville, Dunnsville, 261b, 27th. 28th. Horton's, Rosinburg, Thursday, Hood's, Busbee's, Friday, Saturday, Lashley's > Roads,

The Tax Collectors in the several Districts will attend for the collection of the Taxes due for the year 1857. W. H. HIGH, Sh'ff. Raleigh, June 14, 1858.

SIDNEY A. SMITH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW SMITHFIELD, N. C., Will attend regularly the County and Superior Courts of Wake, Johnson, Cumberland, Harnett and Wilson.
All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt at-

January 9, 1858. W. A. ALLEN. HOUSTON & ALLEN.

Attornies and Counsellors at Law, KENANSVILLE, N. C. VILL ATTEND THE COUNTY AND SUPERIOR Courts of Duplin, New Hanover and adjoing ties, and also the Courts of Wake.

April 14, 1857. RED MOUNTAIN FEMALE ACADEMY. THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE 19TH

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS: Primary English, Higher English, Ancient Languages, Music on the Pian Drawing and Painting, Board \$6 to \$8 per month. A small number can board with the subscriber. For information in regard to this school apply to the Trustees. M. LEWIS, Principal. 24-w5tpd.

School Notice. THE HAYWOOD HIGH SCHOOL AND FEMALE INSTITUTE, the former under the supersupervision of F. C. SHAW AND LADY, will commence their 3d Sessions the 2d MONDAY OF JULY NEXT.

For particulars address the undersigned or either of the teachers at Haywood. JOHN W. SCOTT, Sect'y.

Fayetteville Observer and Presbyterian copy six weeks.

SELECT SCHOOL, GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

J. P. BAGBY, A. M., Principal. THE NEXT SESSION WILL OPEN ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, and continue 21 weeks. Board and Tuitson, per Session, is \$75 in advance, unless otherwise specially agreed upon. Address the Principal at Sassafras Fork P. O. Granville Co.

June 14, 1888. MASONIC CLASSICAL SCHOOL. Knap of Reeds, Granville County, N. C,

EDWIN G. MOORE, A. B., Principal. THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION.
will open on TUESDAY THE 13TH OF JULY, 1858.
Tuition for English Branches will be \$12 50; for Languages \$18 00 per Session. Board can be obtained for \$7 50 or \$8 00 per month.

Persons coming from a distance can procure conveyances at Hillsboro', twenty miles on the West, or at Oxford, sixteen miles on the East. For further information apply to the Principal, at Mt. Tirzah, N. C., until July 13th, then at Knap of Reeds, Granville county, N. C.

June 8, 1858.